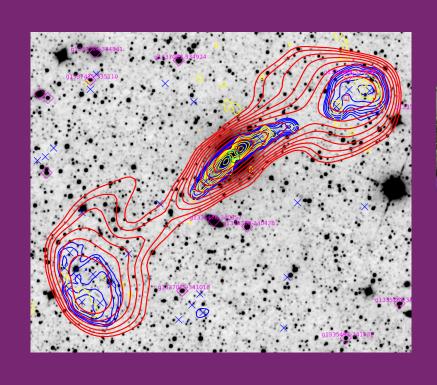


The GLEAM 4-Jy (G4Jy) Sample

(White et al., 2020a, 2020b)



"A complete sample of the brightest, extragalactic radio-sources in the southern sky — ideal for detailed active-galaxy studies in the SKA era, and without an orientation bias"











The GLEAM 4-Jy (G4Jy) Sample (White et al., 2020a, 2020b)

https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13125 https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13025

Paper I: Definition and the catalogue Paper II: Host-galaxy identification for individual sources

Repeated visual inspection using

GLEAM (170-231 MHz),

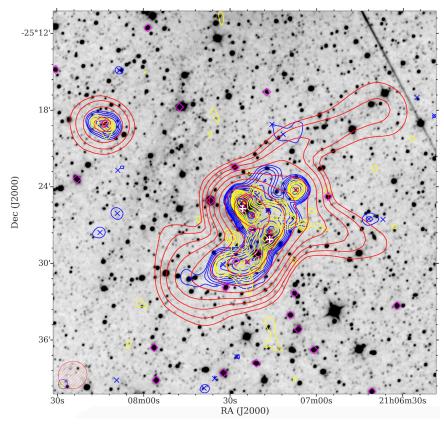
NVSS (1400 MHz), or SUMSS (843 MHz),

TGSS (150 MHz), AT20G (20 GHz),

6dFGS (optical), and AllWISE (mid-infrared),

Astronomy Observatory

followed by thorough literature checks during cross-identification.



Sarah White (Rhodes University), Thomas Franzen, Chris Riseley, Ivy Wong, Anna Kapińska, Natasha Hurley-Walker,
Joseph Callingham, Kshitij Thorat, Chen Wu, Paul Hancock, Richard Hunstead, Nick Seymour, Jesse Swan,
Randall Wayth, John Morgan, Rajan Chhetri, Carole Jackson, Stuart Weston, Martin Bell, Bi-Qing For,
Bryan Gaensler, Melanie Johnston-Hollitt, André Offringa, Lister Staveley-Smith

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The GLEAM 4-Jy (G4Jy) Sample (White et al., 2020a, 2020b)

https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13125 https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13025

A catalogue of 1,863 sources with integrated $S_{151 \text{ MHz}} > 4 \text{ Jy}$.

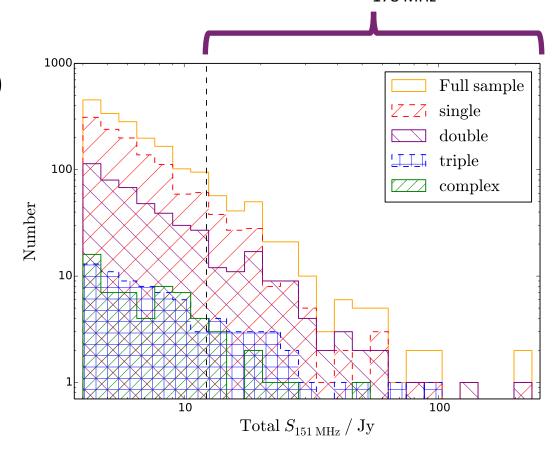
For reference, the revised Third Cambridge Catalogue of Radio Sources (3CRR; Laing et al., 1983) contains 173 active galaxies with $S_{178 \text{ MHz}} > 10.9 \text{ Jy}$.

Our morphology classification (single/double/triple/complex) is mostly based upon 45" resolution radio-images at \sim 1 GHz.

We also provide total flux-densities at multiple frequencies, and spectral indices, in the G4Jy catalogue.

> South African Radio Astronomy Observatory

Foundation



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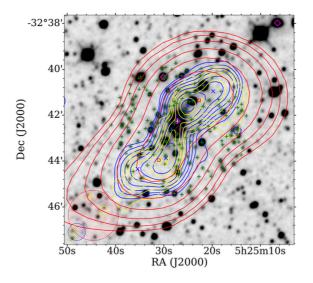
The GLEAM 4-Jy (G4Jy) Sample (White et al., 2020a, 2020b)

https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13125 https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.13025

- Mid-infrared identifications for 86% of the sample (1,606 sources)
- 129 sources with ambiguous hosts, including four sources where we question the existing identification
- 126 sources with a host that is faint or uncharacterised in the mid-infrared



- At least 8 giant radio-galaxies (> 1 Mpc)
- 14 S-/Z-/X-shaped radio sources
- 23 bent-tail radio-galaxies



- 18 head-tail radio-galaxies
- Two nearby, star-forming galaxies
- The Flame Nebula
- A cluster relic and a halo



140 sources with MeerKAT follow-up (PI: White) – so stay tuned!